## From Transparency to Trust

Kätlin-Chris Kruusmaa

## Why?

Legal base comes from Anti-Corruption Act



Be aware of possible interests which may affect the discharge of professional duties.



Make these interests verifiable



# Who must submit a declaration?

No obligation shall be imposed on an official of a security authority and on an official of a structural unit of any other government authority if the composition of the structural unit is a State secret.



Persons referred to in the AcA, for example:



Holders of political office



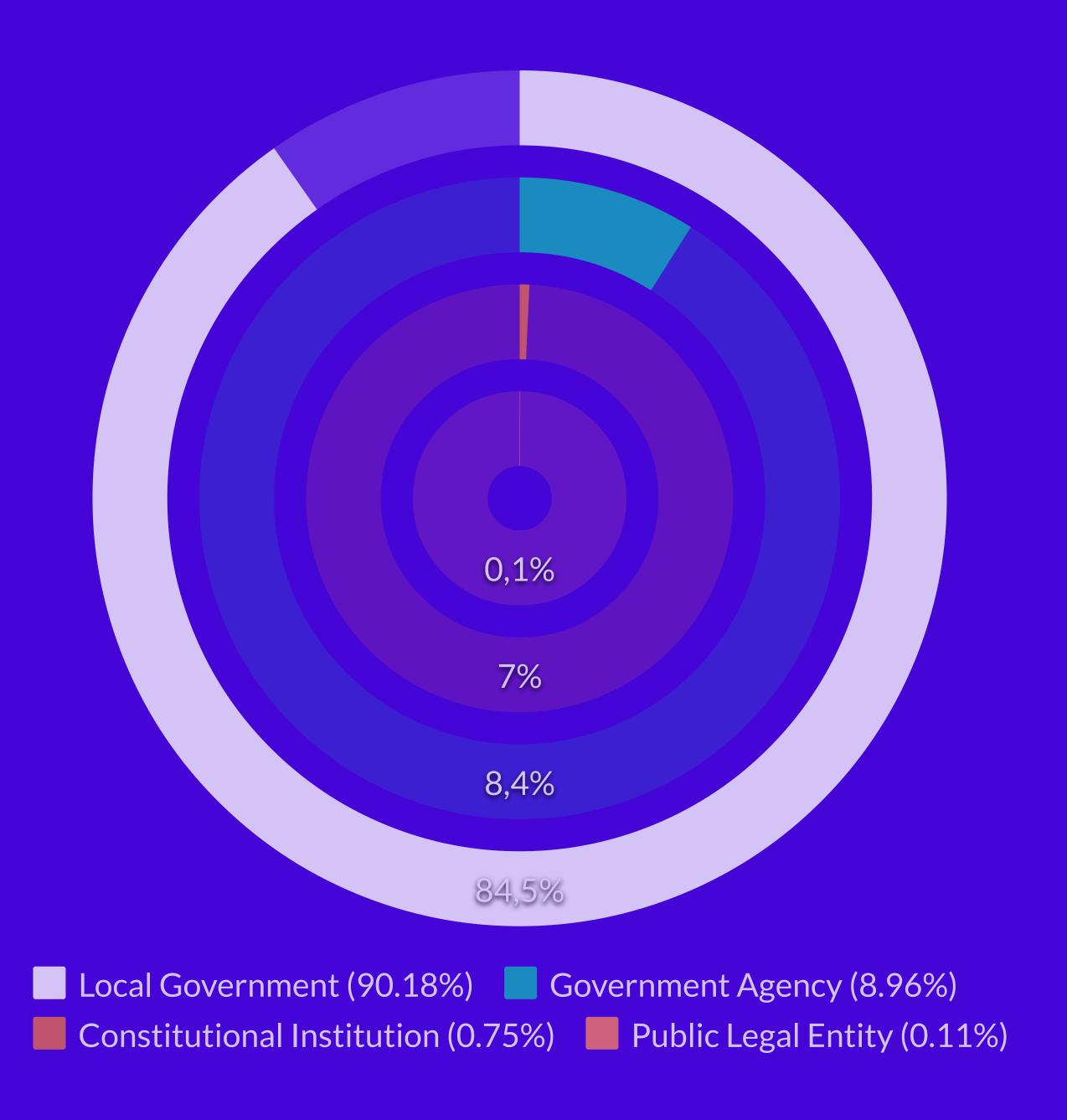
Judges, heads of constitutional institutions, heads of government agencies etc



Obligation to submit a declaration imposed by the head of the institution

## Statistics

There are 5792 posts on the register of declarations of interest.



#### Real Estate

Located in Estonia and abroad

#### Vehicles

Cars, boats, motorbikes, etc.

Securities and shareholdings stocks, bonds, options etc



financial claim

Both to and against

another person

#### Income

Declared income

#### Benefits

Benefits received in the previous calendar year, if they exceed a certain amount.

### Distribution of labour











Tax and Customs
board
Registry
administrator and
technical adviser

Parliament anti
corruption select
commitee
Supercontroller

Different organisations
Verifying and collecting
their own institution's
declarations

## Publicity and accessibility



Publicly available



Everybody has access



Identification with ID card required



Sensitive personal data, details of family members and home address are not publicly available.

### Verification











No total inspection

No sanctions

Personal responsibility

Public shame

## Challenges?

New forms of ownership



Outdated register



Lack of personal responsibility



